Naming Molecular Compounds

Contain discrete molecular units, composed of nonmetallic elements (like C, N, O)

1. Name the first element in the formula first and the second element is named by adding "-ide" to the root of the element name:

Examples:

HCl: hydrogen chloride

- HBr: hydrogen bromide
 - 2. Can also for different combinations of the compound. Use Table 2.4 to denote the number of atoms of each element present.

CO: carbon monoxide CO₂: carbon dioxide

The prefix mono may be omitted for the first element.

PCl₃: phosphorous trichloride

For oxides the ending "a" may be omitted

N₂O₄: dinitrogen tetroxide NOT dinitrogen tetraoxide

EXCEPTIONS

B ₂ H ₆ : diborane CH ₄ : methane SiH ₄ : silane NH ₃ : ammonia	PH ₃ : phosphine H ₂ O: water H ₂ S: hydrogen sulfide
Name the molecular compounds	
PF ₃	HgI_2
P_4O_6	CdI ₂
SiCl ₄	HgO
Write the formulas for the following	
boron trichloride	tetraphosphorous decasulfide
carbon disulfide	nitrogen monoxide
disodium ammonium phosphate	oxygen difluoride